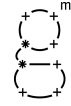




# Galileo and the Celestial Phenomena

Post-visit  
Quiz (age 11-13)



Class ..... Name .....

Date.....

### 1 - What were the names of those celestial bodies that moved relative to the stars that remained fixed?

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- Comets
- Planets
- Nebulae

### 2 - This does not emit its own light, but rather reflects the Sun's light that reaches its surface. What is it?

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- Star
- Moon
- The Taurus constellation

### 3 - In the geocentric system by Aristotle

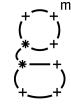
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- The Sun is placed at the center and all planets revolve around it
- The Earth is placed at the center and the Sun and all planets revolve around it
- The Sun and the Moon revolve around the Earth and all the other planets revolve around the Sun

### 4 - L'astrolabio è...

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- An ancient instrument used to solve many astronomical problems
- A geographical coordinate
- An instrument used to determine the weight of objects



## 5 - Which of the instruments seen during the activity represents the celestial sphere?

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- The celestial globe
- The sundial
- The armillary sphere

## 6 - What is the ocular lens?

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- It is a lens found in many optical instruments located farthest from the eye
- It is a lens present in the nocturnal
- It is a lens found in many optical instruments that is closest to the eye

## 7 - Galileo wrote the famous *Copernican Letters* between 1613 and 1615. What are they about?

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- Writings where Galileo tries to reconcile his celestial discoveries with the Holy Scriptures
- Letters addressed to Niccolò Copernico where he explains the functioning of his telescope
- Writings on Nicolaus Copernicus's life

## 8 - What did Galileo think "sunspots" were?

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- Celestial bodies orbiting the sun
- Strange appearances of the planet Venus
- Flat clouds glued to the surface of the sun